

# LactoStab

## Safety Data Sheet

### SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

<b>1.1 Product identifier</b>	<b>LactoStab</b>	<b>UFI: WP4T-8AC7-K00D-UY3P</b>
<b>1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against</b>	Processing aid	
<b>1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet</b>	BarthHaas UK Ltd. Hop Pocket Lane, Paddock Wood, Kent, TN12 6DQ United Kingdom +44 1892 833415 Email: <a href="mailto:sds@barthhaas.co.uk">sds@barthhaas.co.uk</a>  BarthHaas / John I. Haas Inc. 1600 River Rd., Yakima, WA 98902, USA. +1 509 469 4000 Email: <a href="mailto:info@johnihaas.com">info@johnihaas.com</a>	
<b>1.4 Emergency telephone number</b>	+44 1892 833415 (09:00 - 17:30 Mon-Thurs; 09:00-16:30 Fri, UK time) +1 509 469 4000 (office hours)	

## SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture** According to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

- Skin Sensitisation Category 1
- Skin Irritation Category 2
- Eye Irritation Category 2

**2.2 Label elements** According to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

- **Hazard pictogram**



- **Signal word:**

- **Warning**

- **Hazard statements**

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation

- **Precautionary statements**

- P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection
- P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
- P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

**2.3 Other Hazards**

None. No components are known to be PBT/vPvB or to have endocrine disrupting properties.

## SECTION 3. COMPONENTS/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**3.1 Substances**

N/A

**3.2 Mixtures**

Name	Concentration % by weight	CAS no.	EC no.	REACH Registration	Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]
Potassium salts of hop tetrahydroiso- $\alpha$ -acids	9	92113-15-0	295-619-8	01-2120766317-48-0000	Acute Tox. 4 H302, H312 Skin Corr. 1 H314 Eye Damage 1 H318 Skin Sens. 1 H317

Note: Read-across substance iso- $\alpha$ -acid, potassium salt is Skin Corr. 1 as per REACH assessment, but *in vitro* assessment of the Skin Corrosion Potential of 30% m/m solution of iso- $\alpha$ -acid in water according to OECD Test Guideline 431 (reconstructed human epidermis (RHE) Test Method) confirms that the mixture is not corrosive to skin. See Section 2.1 for final classification of LactoStab.

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- 4.1 Description of first aid methods:**
- Inhalation: Move to fresh air
- Skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If any symptoms persist obtain medical attention.
- Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- Oral ingestion: Rinse mouth out with water and drink a portion of water (*ca.* 200ml). Vomiting may occur but should not be induced. Obtain medical attention if symptoms persist.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
- Skin and eye irritation. Possible rash from skin sensitisation.
- 4.3 Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatments needed**
- No special treatments – treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1 Extinguishing media**
- Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry powder, foam.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from substance or mixture**
- The product is an aqueous solution and is therefore not expected to burn. No known unusual fire or explosion hazards.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters**
- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
- Wear appropriate protective clothing – see Section 8.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions**
- Small amounts (<10 litres) can be safely diluted with water and flushed into the drain. Do not discharge large amounts onto the ground or into watercourses – hold for disposal, or in the case of spillages, deal with this as indicated in Section 6.3
- 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and clearing up**
- Contain spillage using earth, sand or other inert material. Transfer to suitable sealed container prior to disposal. Flush area with hot soapy water to remove final traces. Use adequate ventilation or a respirator if in a confined area.
- 6.4 References to other sections**
- See Section 8 for appropriate protective clothing. See Section 13 for disposal.



## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1 Precautions for safe handling** Avoid excessive contact with product. Use appropriate protective clothing as indicated in Section 8. Wash hands after use.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Store at 2 - 6 °C (36 - 42 °F). Keep container closed. Store in original container or suitable high-grade stainless steel, low silicate glass or high-density polyethylene. Protect from light.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s)** Processing aid. PC-TEC-17.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

- 8.1 Control Parameters** Not applicable.
- 8.2 Exposure Controls:**
- **Engineering Controls** Engineering controls: Not required.
  - **Eye/Face Protection** Respiratory protection: Not normally required.
  - **Hand Protection** Hand protection: PVC, rubber or nitrile gloves are all suitable and should be worn. Breakthrough time estimated as 150 minutes, 136 minutes and 210 minutes respectively.
  - **Skin Protection**
  - **Respiratory Protection** Eye protection: Safety goggles.  
Skin protection: Not normally required. Long-sleeved workwear recommended.  
Environmental exposure controls: Not required.

**SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

<b>a) Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>b) Colour</b>	Pale yellow to amber
<b>c) Odour</b>	Hoppy, resinous
<b>d) Melting point/Freezing point</b>	Not practical to measure /< 0 °C
<b>e) Boiling point</b>	93 - 104 °C (200 - 220 °F)
<b>f) Flammability</b>	Non flammable
<b>g) Lower and upper explosion limit</b>	Not practical to measure
<b>h) Flash point</b>	Not applicable due to high water content
<b>i) Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not practical to measure
<b>j) Decomposition temperature</b>	No hazardous decomposition when used for its intended use
<b>k) pH</b>	8.5 - 11
<b>l) Kinematic viscosity</b>	2 - 10 mPas at 20 °C
<b>m) Solubility</b>	Miscible. Will precipitate if acidified.
<b>n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)</b>	LogP <sub>ow</sub> for purified active component (hop tetrahydroiso- $\alpha$ -acids) is 3.1 - 4.4 at pH 7
<b>o) Vapor pressure</b>	Vapour pressure of read-across substance hop iso- $\alpha$ -acids is <i>ca.</i> 9.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> Pa
<b>p) Density [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]</b>	<i>ca.</i> 1,020 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>q) Relative vapor density</b>	Not practical to measure
<b>r) Particle characteristics</b>	Not practical to measure
<b>9.2 Other information</b>	N/A

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	No reactivity hazards known.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	Stable if stored according to Section 7.2 and 10.5
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reaction</b>	None known
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid strong oxidizing agents. Precipitation may occur on mixing with any material
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	Precipitation may occur on mixing with any material.
<b>10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products</b>	None known

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

- a) Acute toxicity** At concentration present, the material is not classified as hazardous. Estimated ATE values (oral, dermal) are 11100 mg/kg bw for a 9% m/m solution.
- b) Skin corrosion/irritation** Potassium salts of read-across substance hop iso- $\alpha$ -acids, EC 305-203-0 are classified as irritant to the skin according to OECD Guideline 439 (In vitro skin irritation). Therefore, a mixture containing 9% EC 295-619-8 will be classified as Skin Irritation Category 2.  
In vitro assessment of the skin corrosion potential of 30% m/m solution in water of read-across substance EC 305-203-0 according to OECD Test Guideline 431 (reconstructed human epidermis (RHE) test method) confirms that the mixture is not corrosive to skin.
- c) Serious eye damage/irritation** Classified as Eye Irritation Category 2 as a precaution based on skin irritation results and based on pH 8.5 - 11 (see Section 9).
- d) Respiratory or skin sensitization** EC 295-619-8 is classified for skin sensitisation by reading across from Hop Extract (EC 232-504-3), which is classified as a skin sensitizer according to in vitro methods. EC 295-619-8 present >1% in LactoStab, hence LactoStab is classified as Skin Sensitisation Category 1.  
The vapour pressure of EC 295-619-8 is very low:  $9.5 \times 10^{-9}$  Pa (estimated by EPISuite™) and therefore respiratory sensitization is not applicable.
- e) Germ cell mutagenicity** In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation assay (CHO/HGPRT Mutation Assay) on read-across substance Rho-iso-alpha acids: not mutagenic.  
In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation assay (CHO/HGPRT Mutation Assay) on read-across substance hexahydro-iso-alpha acids: not mutagenic.  
Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay on read-across substance 40% iso-alpha acids: not mutagenic.
- f) Carcinogenicity** Weight of evidence indicates lack of carcinogenicity. Hop tetrahydroiso- $\alpha$ -acids have a history of safe use as a component of beer.
- g) Reproductive toxicity** Weight of evidence indicates lack of reproductive toxicity. History of safe use as a component of beer. Tetrahydroiso- $\alpha$ -acids are approved food additives for beer in the USA, under 21 CFR § 172.560.
- h) STOT- single exposure** Weight of evidence indicates safety when used for its intended use. See sections (f) and (g) above.
- i) STOT- repeated exposure** Weight of evidence indicates safety when used for its intended use. See sections (f) and (g) above.
- j) Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.
- 11.2 Information on other hazards** N/A

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>12.1 Toxicity</b>	Read across from hop extract EC 232-504-3 <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Toxicity to fish: <i>Carassius auratus</i> (goldfish) - Etude pharmacologique de l'action du lupulin et de la fleur d'organer sur le poisson. <i>Pharmaceutica acta Helvetiae</i> (1953) 28(7-8), pp.183-206: lowest dose causing adverse effects estimated by calculation as ca. 80 mg/l.</li><li>- Toxicity to <i>Daphnia</i> and other aquatic invertebrates: Read across substance potassium salts of hop iso-<math>\alpha</math>-acids EC 205-303-0: EC50 - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea) - &gt;57 mg/l - 48 h. NOEC - <i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea) - 57 mg/L - 48 h.</li><li>- Toxicity to freshwater algae: Read across substance potassium salts of hop iso-<math>\alpha</math>-acids EC 205-303-0: ErC50 - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> strain: CCAP 278/4 - &gt;100 mg/l - 72 h. NOEC - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> strain: CCAP 278/4 - &gt;100 mg/l - 72 h.</li></ul>
<b>12.2 Persistence and degradability</b>	Ultimate biodegradation.
<b>12.3 Bioaccumulative potential</b>	Not expected to bioaccumulate.
<b>12.4 Mobility in soil</b>	Read across substance potassium salts of hop iso- $\alpha$ -acids EC 205-303-0: Log $K_{oc}$ 1.7 - 1.9 (modelling by EPISuite™).
<b>12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:</b>	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.
<b>12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties</b>	This substance has not been assessed as endocrine disrupting substances. We are not aware of any information indicating that hop tetrahydroiso- $\alpha$ -acids have endocrine disrupting properties.
<b>12.7 Other adverse effects</b>	N/A





## SECTION 13. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

<b>13.1 Waste treatment methods</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations. Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned. Contaminated containers should not be treated as household waste. Containers should be cleaned using appropriate methods and then re-used or disposed of by landfill or incineration as appropriate.
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## SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<b>14.1 UN-Number</b>	Non-hazardous for transport
<b>14.2 Proper shipping name</b>	Non-hazardous for transport
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	Non-hazardous for transport
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	Non-hazardous for transport
<b>14.5 Enviromental hazards</b>	Non-hazardous for transport
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	Non-hazardous for transport
<b>14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments</b>	Non-hazardous for transport

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

<b>15.1 Safety, health, and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</b>	Germany: Water contaminant class 1 (self assessment) according to VwVwS from May 17th 1999 appendix 3. Do not discharge onto the ground or into watercourses.  Wassergefährdungsklasse: WGK1 (Selbsteinstufung): schwach wassergefährdend Gemäß Anhang 3 der Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) vom 17.05.1999 Kenn-Nr.: 6390
<b>15.2 Chemical safety assessments</b>	N/A when used for food applications

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

- a) Revision information** Updated according to EU 2020/878
- b) Abbreviations**
- CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
- CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008
- EC European Community/Commission
- PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006
- UFI Unique Formula Identifier
- vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
- c) Key literature references and sources for data** REACH registration dossiers for EC 305-203-0 for EC 295-619-8
- Glove breakthrough time: estimated by using cresol breakthrough time: Massey, L.K.. (2003). Permeability Properties of Plastics and Elastomers - A Guide to Packaging and Barrier Materials (2nd Edition) - Permeation Rates . William Andrew Publishing/Plastics Design Library. Retrieved from <https://app.knovel.com/hotlink/pdf/id:kt002WPFW2/permeability-properties/permeation-rates>
- d) Method used for classification of mixtures**
- Skin Irritation Category 2: On basis of expert judgement and read-across from similar substance
  - Eye Irritation Category 2: On basis of expert judgment and read-across from similar substance
  - Skin Sensitisation Category 1: On basis of expert judgment and read-across from similar substance
- e) H statements used in Section 3**
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin
- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H318 Causes serious eye damage
- f) Training requirements for workers** N/A

The information in this safety data sheet is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on our present knowledge and should be used only as a supplement to information already in your possession concerning this product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. The determination of whether and under what condition the product should be used is yours to make. We do not accept any liability for loss, injury or damage that may result from its use.