



AHAAS BarthHaas' 🛞 BetaTec 🌮

# IsoStab

# Safety Data Sheet

# SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1 Product identifier IsoStab UFI: 1JDN-RA9T-M005-1UA3 1.2 Relevant identified Processing aid

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against	Processing aid
1.3 Details of the supplier	BarthHaas UK Ltd.
of the safety data sheet	Hop Pocket Lane, Paddock Wood, Kent, TN12 6DQ
	United Kingdom
	+44 1892 833415
	Email: <u>sds@barthhaas.co.uk</u>
	BarthHaas / John I. Haas Inc.
	1600 River Rd., Yakima, WA 98902, USA.
	+1 509 469 4000
	Email: info@johnihaas.com
1.4 Emergency telephone	+44 1892 833415 (09:00 – 17:30 Mon-Thurs; 09:00-16:30 Fri, UK time)
number	+1 509 469 4000 (office hours)



# SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFCATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture	According to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:			
Substance of inixine	<ul> <li>Skin Sensitisation Category 1</li> <li>Skin Irritation Category 2</li> <li>Eye Irritation Category 2</li> </ul>			
2.2 Label elements	According to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:			
- Hazard pictogram				
- Signal word:	- Warning			
- Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation</li> </ul>			
- Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P280: Wear protective gloves and eye protection</li> <li>P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water</li> <li>P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.</li> </ul>			
2.3 Other Hazards	None. No components are known to be PBT/vPvB or to have endocrine disrupting properties.			

# SECTION 3. COMPONENTS/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

N/A

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Name	Concentration % by weight	CAS no.	EC no.	REACH Registration	Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]
Potassium salts of Isohumulones	30	94349- 84-5	305-203-0	01- 2120766316- 50-0000	Acute Tox. 4 H302, H312 Skin Corr. 1 H314 Eye Damage 1 H318 Skin Sens. 1 H317

<u>Note</u>: *In Vitro* Assessment of the Skin Corrosion Potential of 30% m/m solution of EC 305-203-0 in water according to OECD Test Guideline 431 (reconstructed human epidermis (RHE) Test Method) confirms that the mixture is <u>not</u> corrosive to skin. See Section 2.1 for final classification of IsoStab.





# SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid methods:	Inhalation: Move to fresh air		
	<u>Skin contact</u> : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If any symptoms persist obtain medical attention.		
	<u>Eye contact</u> : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.		
	<u>Oral ingestion</u> : Rinse mouth out with water and drink a portion of water ( <i>ca</i> . 200ml). Vomiting may occur but should not be induced. Obtain medical attention if symptoms persist.		
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Skin and eye irritation. Possible rash from skin sensitisation.		
4.3 Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatments needed	No special treatments – treat symptomatically.		

## SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media	Water spray, carbon dioxide, dry powder, foam.
5.2 Special hazards arising from substance or mixture	The product is an aqueous solution and is therefore not expected to burn. No known unusual fire or explosion hazards.

## **5.3 Advice for firefighters** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

# SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Wear appropriate protective clothing – see Section 8.
6.2 Environmental precautions	Small amounts (<10 litres) can be safely diluted with water and flushed into the drain. Do not discharge large amounts onto the ground or into watercourses – hold for disposal, or in the case of spillages, deal with this as indicated in Section 6.3
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and clearing up	Contain spillage using earth, sand or other inert material. Transfer to suitable sealed container prior to disposal. Flush area with hot soapy water to remove final traces. Use adequate ventilation or a respirator if in a confined area.
6.4 References to other sections	See Section 8 for appropriate protective clothing. See Section 13 for disposal.





#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**7.1 Precautions for safe**Avoid excessive contact with product. Use appropriate protective clothing as<br/>indicated in Section 8. Wash hands after use.

7.2 Conditions for safeStore at 2 - 8 °C (36 - 46 °F). Keep container closed. Store in original container orstorage, including anysuitable high-grade stainless steel, low silicate glass or high-density polyethylene.incompatibilitiesProtect from light.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)** Processing aid. PC-TECH-17.

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**8.1 Control Parameters** Not applicable.

8.2 Exposure Controls: Engineering controls: Not required.

- **Engineering** <u>Respiratory protection</u>: Not normally required.
- Eye/Face <u>Hand protection</u>: PVC, rubber or nitrile gloves are all suitable and should be worn.
   Protection Breakthrough time estimated as 150 minutes, 136 minutes and 210 minutes respectively.
- Skin Protection

Controls

- **Respiratory** <u>Eye protection</u>: Safety goggles. **Protection** 

Skin protection: Not normally required. Long-sleeved workwear recommended.

Environmental exposure controls: Not required.





# SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a) Physical state	Liquid
b) Colour	Pale yellow to amber
c) Odour	Hoppy, resinous
d) Melting point/Freezing point	Not practical to measure /< 0 °C
e) Boiling point	93 – 104 °C (200 – 220 °F)
f) Flammability	Non flammable
g) Lower and upper explosion limit	Not practical to measure
h) Flash point	Not applicable due to high water content
i) Auto-ignition temperature	Not practical to measure
j) Decomposition temperature	No hazardous decomposition when used for its intended use
k) pH	7.5 - 10.5
l) Kinematic viscosity	10 - 20 mPas at 20 °C
m) Solubility	Miscible. Will precipitate if acidified.
n) Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (log value)	$LogP_{ow}$ for purified active component (hop iso- $\alpha\text{-acids})$ is 2.7 – 4 at pH 7
o) Vapor pressure	Vapour pressure of hop iso- $\alpha$ -acids is <i>ca</i> . 9 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> Pa
p) Density [kg/m³]	1,000 - 1,020 kg/m <sup>-3</sup>
q) Relative vapor density	Not practical to measure
r) Particle characteristics	Not practical to measure

9.2 Other information

N/A





SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
10.1 Reactivity	No reactivity hazards known.	
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable if stored according to Section 7.2 and 10.5	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reaction	None known	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid strong oxidizing agents. Precipitation may occur on mixing with any material	
10.5 Incompatible materials	Precipitation may occur on mixing with any material.	
10.6 Hazardous	None known	
<b>Decomposition Products</b>		

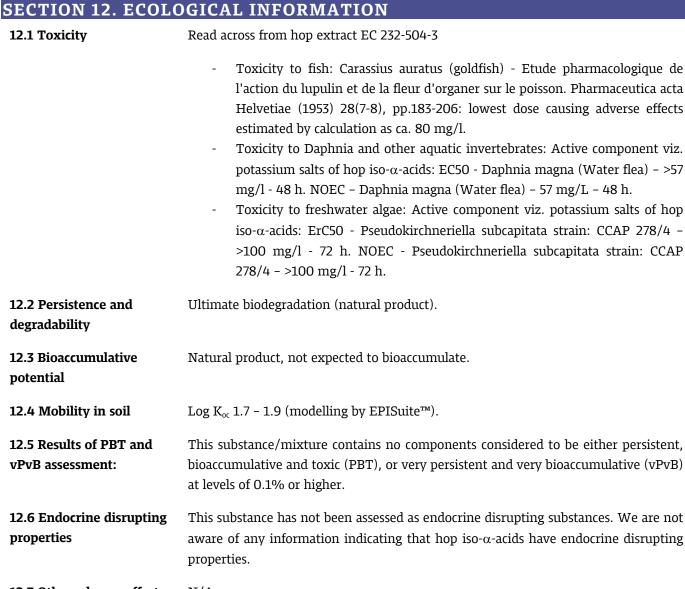




# SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

a) Acute toxicity	At concentration present, the material is not classified as hazardous. Estimated ATE values (oral, dermal) are 3333 mg/kg bw for a 30% m/m solution.
b) Skin corrosion/irritation	Potassium salts of hop iso- $\alpha$ -acids, EC 305-203-0 are classified as irritant to the skin according to OECD Guideline 439 (In vitro skin irritation). Therefore, a mixture containing 30% EC 305-203-0 will be classified as Skin Irritation Category 2. In vitro assessment of the skin corrosion potential of 30% m/m solution of EC 305-203-0 in water according to OECD Test Guideline 431 (reconstructed human epidermis (RHE) test method) confirms that the mixture is <u>not</u> corrosive to skin.
c) Serious eye damage/irritation	Classified as Eye Irritation Category 2 as a precaution based on skin irritation results and based on pH 7.5 – 10.5 (see Section 9).
d) Respiratory or skin sensitization	EC 305-203-0 is classified for skin sensitisation by reading across from Hop Extract (EC 232-504-3), which is classified as a skin sensitiser according to in vitro methods. EC 305-203-0 present >1% in IsoStab, hence IsoStab is classified as Skin Sensitisation Category 1. The vapour pressure of EC 305-203-0 is very low: $9 \times 10^{-9}$ Pa (estimated by EPISuite <sup>TM</sup> ) and therefore respiratory sensitization is not applicable.
e) Germ cell mutagenicity	OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) on read-across substance Hop Extract EC 232-504-3: not mutagenic. Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay on 40% iso-alpha acids: not mutagenic. In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation assay (CHO/HGPRT Mutation Assay) on read- across substance Rho-iso-alpha acids: not mutagenic.
f) Carcinogenicity	Weight of evidence indicates lack of carcinogenicity. Hop iso- $\alpha$ -acids are a natural component of beer from the traditional brewing process.
g) Reproductive toxicity	Weight of evidence indicates lack of reproductive toxicity. Long history of safe use as a component of beer. Iso- $\alpha$ -acids are approved food additives for beer in the USA, under 21 CFR § 172.560. 30% aqueous solution of iso- $\alpha$ -acids present as their potassium salts was assessed to be GRAS ("generally regarded as safe") by John I. Haas, Inc., USA, in 2008.
h) STOT- single exposure	Weight of evidence indicates safety when used for its intended use. See sections (f) and (g) above.
i) STOT- repeated exposure	Weight of evidence indicates safety when used for its intended use. See sections (f) and (g) above.
j) Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.



🛕 HAAS 🛛 BarthHaas' 🛞 🥊

12.7 Other adverse effects N/A

#### SECTION 13. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

13.1 Waste treatment Dispose in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations. Labels should not be removed from containers until they have been cleaned. Contaminated containers should not be treated as household waste. Containers should be cleaned using appropriate methods and then re-used or disposed of by landfill or incineration as appropriate.

### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN-Number	Non-hazardous for transport
14.2 Proper shipping name	Non-hazardous for transport
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	Non-hazardous for transport
14.4 Packing group	Non-hazardous for transport
14.5 Enviromental hazards	Non-hazardous for transport
14.6 Special precautions for user	Non-hazardous for transport
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Non-hazardous for transport

# SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health, and environmental	Germany: Water contaminant class 1 (self assessment) according to VwVwS from May 17th 1999 appendix 3. Do not discharge onto the ground or into watercourses.
regulations/legislation	Wassergefährdungsklasse: WGK1 (Selbsteinstufung): schwach wassergefährdend
specific for the substance	Gemäß Anhang 3 der Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)
or mixture	vom 17.05.1999 Kenn-Nr.: 6390

15.2 Chemical safety	N/A when used for food applications
assessments	





SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION	
a) Revision information	Updated according to EU 2020/878
b) Abbreviations	CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
	CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008
	EC European Community/Commission
	PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006
	UFI Unique Formula Identifier
	vPvB very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
c) Key literature references and	REACH registration dossier for EC 305-203-0
sources for data	Glove breakthrough time: estimated by using cresol breakthrough time: Massey, L.K (2003). Permeability Properties of Plastics and Elastomers - A Guide to Packaging and Barrier Materials (2nd Edition) - Permeation Rates . William Andrew Publishing/Plastics Design Library. Retrieved from https://app.knovel.com/hotlink/pdf/id:kt002WPFW2/permeability- properties/permeation-rates
d) Method used for classification of mixtures	• Skin Irritation Category 2: On basis of test data, expert judgement and read-across from similar substance, together with bridging principle "dilution"
	• Eye Irritation Category 2: On basis of expert judgment and read-across from similar substance, together with bridging principle "dilution"
	• Skin Sensitisation Category 1: On basis of expert judgment and read-across from similar substance, together with bridging principle "dilution"
e) H statements used in Section 3	H302 Harmful if swallowed
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
	H318 Causes serious eye damage
f) Training requirements for	N/A

workers

The information in this safety data sheet is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on our present knowledge and should be used only as a supplement to information already in your possession concerning this product. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. The determination of whether and under what condition the product should be used is yours to make. We do not accept any liability for loss, injury or damage that may result from its use.